

DOLINSKIY, V.I.

Introduction of thread-generating heads in mass production.
Avt. prom. 29 no.8:40-41 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Ural'skiy avtonavod.

DOLINSKIY, V. M., Cand Med Sci -- "Significance of cholangiography during and after ~~the~~ operation ^{upon the bile ducts} ~~on biliary tracts.~~" Chernovtsy, 1961. (Chernovtsy State Med Inst) (KL, 8-61, 260)

- 458 -

DOLINSKIY, V.M. (L'vov, ul. Dragomanova, d.32, kv. 3)

Neurinoma of the cervical sympathetic trunk. Vop.onk. 5 no.5:604.
605 '59.

(MIRA 12:12)

1. Iz fakul'tetskoy khirurgicheskoy kliniki (nav. - prof. G.G. Karavayev) L'vovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. -- prof. L.N. Kuz'menko).
(NECK, neoplasms
neurilemmoma (Rus))
(NEURILEMMOMA, case reports
neck (Rus))

DOLINSKIY, V. M.

Errors in measuring static stresses in rotating parts. Izm.
tekh. no. 10:33-35 O '62. (MIRA 15:10)

(Strain gauges)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9

DOLJINSKII, V.N. (L'vov, ul. Dragomanova, d.32, kv.3).

Operative cholangiography. Nov.khir.arkh. no.3:20-24 My-Je
'59. (MIRA 12:10)

1. Kafedra, fakul'tetskoy khirurgii (nav. - prof. G.G. Karavanov)
L'vovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(GALL BLADDER--RADIOGRAPHY)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9"

DOLINSKIY, V.M.

Expediency of intravenous cholangiocholecystography by means of
bilignost. Vrach. delo no.4:131 Ap '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Kafedra fakul'tetskoy chirurgii (zav. - prof. G.G.Karavanov)
lechebnogo fakul'teta L'vevskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(ANIPIC ACID) (GALL BLADDER--RADIOGRAPHY)

PERTSEV, L.P., kand. tekhn. nauk; DOLINSKIY, V.M., inzh.

Calculating the strength of the rolled connection of a tube
with the tube sheet of a heat-exchanging apparatus. Khim.
i neft. mashinostr. no. 320-23 S '64. (MIRA 17:12)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9

DOLINSKIY, V.M. [Delyns'kyi, V.M.]

Experimental determining of the coefficient of friction in tight
pipe joints. Khim. prom. [Ukr.] no.1:37-39 Ja-Mr '65. (MIRA 18:4)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9"

DOLINSKIY, V.M., inzh.

Experimental determining of the strength of roll-formed tube
joints in the tube plates of heat exchangers. Khim. mashinostr.
no.1:26-29 '65.
(MIRA 18:9)

ZAYDEL' A.N.; PILIPCHUK, B.I.; BABKO, A.K.; SHAYEVICH, A.B.; DOLINSKIY, Ye.F.

On the establishment of standards in the methods of presenting experimental data. Zav.lab. 27 no.10:1273-1278 '61.

(MIRA 14:10)

1. Fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut AN SSSR (for Zaydel'). 2. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metrologii im D. I. Mendeleyeva (for Pilipchuk, Dolinskiy). 3. Institut obshchev i neorganicheskoy khimii AN USSR (for Babko). 4. Ural'skiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernykh metallov (for Shayevich).
(Mathematical statistics)

Dolinskij, Ye.F.

USSR/Processes and Equipment for Chemical Industries
Control and Measuring Devices. Automatic Regulation

K-2

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur ~ Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 14239
Author : Dolinskij Ye.F.
Title : Selection of Optimal Scale of a Measuring Instrument
Orig Pub : Sb. Teploenerg. pribory i reguliary, M.-L., Mashgiz,
1954, 6-15

Abstract : A determination is made of the dependence of instrument error, which consists of reading error and fortuitous error, upon the correlation between the parameters of the instrument. This dependence permits to solve problems that consist in selection of optimal scale for a mechanism of a given quality. Study of the dependence makes it possible to formulate the optimal conditions which must be met by instrument scales. The setting up of the problem assumes that no systematic errors are involved. Random errors are distributed in accordance with the .

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USSR/Processes and Equipment for Chemical Industries
Control and Measuring Devices. Automatic Regulation

K-2

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 14239

normal law; however, the calculation methods presented retain their validity also for other laws. The conclusion is reached that in evolving new instruments one of the set parameters must be the ratio $a/\sigma' \approx m$ (where a is the value of the quantity being measured, corresponding to the minimal subdivision of the scale that can be definitely differentiated by the observer, for example, $1/2, 1/4, 1/10$ of a division; σ' --mean quadratic error, due to the quality of the instrument mechanism), which constitutes one of the fundamental characteristics of the instruments, that permit to form an opinion concerning its metrological qualities. Depending on the magnitude of m the instruments can be classified as follows: $m > 3.5$, the instrument scale is too coarse as compared with the mechanism; the instrument can be converted to one of higher accuracy rating by

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USSR/Processes and Equipment for Chemical Industries
Control and Measuring Device, Automatic Regulation

K-2

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 14239

simply altering the scale; i.e., by reducing the reading error; $2.5 \leq m \leq 3.5$, a standard instrument for single-stage determinations; $1 < m < 2.5$, the instrument is inconvenient for both single stage and repeated determinations; $0.5 \leq m < 1$, the instrument is suitable for repeated determinations; $m < 0.5$, the instrument is too sensitive.

Card 3/3

- 32 -

KREMLEVSKIY, P.P., DOLINSKIY, E.F., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; PETERSON, M.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Flow meters, industrial instruments for measuring the consumption of liquid, gas and steam] Raakhodometrye proizvodstvennye pribory dlja izmerenija raskhoda zhidkosti, gaza i para. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry, 1955. 435 p. (MLRA 8:8)
(Flow meters)

Dolinskiy, Ye. F.

USSR/General Problems - Method and Technique of Investigation

A-4

Abst Journal : Referat Zhur - Fizika, No 12, 1956, 33667

Author : Dolinskiy, Ye. F.

Institution : None

Title : Construction of a System of Units

Original
Periodical : Izmerit. Tekhnika, 1956, No 1, 8-12

Abstract : Formulation of the conditions which must be satisfied by a system of physical equations used to construct a system of units. The degree of arbitrariness in the selection of the basic units of the system and the criteria for the choice of system of units are considered. The considerations discussed lead to the conclusion that the most advantageous system for the measurement of mechanical and electromagnetic quantities is a system of the IMT type, more specifically, of the MKS type. Here the unit for the current

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USSR/General Problems - Method and Technique of Investigation

A-4

Abst Journal : Referat Zhur - Fizika, No 12, 1956, 33667

should be determined from the value of the mechanical force produced by the interaction between currents. The author warns however against the MKSA system. A brief discussion is given of the problem of constructing the derived, multiple, and fractional units.

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9

DOLINSKIY, Ye.F.

Checking piston manometers. Izm.tekh. no.4:79-80 Jl-Ag '56.
(Manometer) (MLRA 9:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9"

ARUTYUNOV, V.P.; DOLINSEK, Ye.P.; ELOGOV, A.K.; MAKSIMOV, L.M.; ROMANOVA,
I.F.; RUDO, N.H.; CHUCHURINA, Ye.N.; SHENDZOV, K.P.; SHEVACHEV,
Ye.O.; YANOVSKIY, B.M.

E.T. Chernyshov; 50th birthday anniversary and 30th anniversary of
scientific and pedagogic activities. Izm. tekhn. no.3:91 My-Je '57.
(Chernyshev, Evgenii Titovich, 1907-) (MLRA 10:3)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9

DOLINSKIY, Ye. F.

~~DOLINSKIY, Ye. F.~~

Metrological work in the field of mechanical measurements, Izm.
tekhn. no. 6145-48 N-D '57.
(Mensuration) (MIRA 10:12)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9"

DOLINSKIY, N.F.

24(0); 5(1); 6(2) PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/2215
Vsesoruyemy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metrologii imeni
D.I. Mendeleyeva

Referaty nauchno-issledovatel'skiy robot / stornik No.2 (Scientific
Research Abstracts; Collection of Articles, Ser. 2) Moscow,
Standartika, 1958. 139 P. 1,000 copies printed.

Additional Sponsoring Agency: USSR. Komitet standartov, ser. 1
Imernitel'nyich priborov.

Md.: S. V. Reshetina; Tech. Ed.: M. A. Kondratenko.

PURPOSE: These reports are intended for scientists, researchers,
and engineers engaged in developing standards, measures, and
gages for the various industries.

COVERAGE: The volume contains 128 reports prepared by scientists of
institutes of the Komitet standartov i izmeritel'nich priborov, of
priborov pri Sovete Ministrov SSSR (Commission on Standards,
Measures, and Measuring Instruments under the USSR Council of
Ministers), and Measuring Instruments under the USSR Council of
Vsesoruyemy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy robot / stornik No.2 (Scientific
Research Abstracts; Collection of Articles, Ser. 2) Moscow,
Standartika, 1958. 139 P. 1,000 copies printed.

of this institute; VNIIL - Vsesoruyemy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy
institut standartov, ser. 1 izmeritel'nyich priborov

(All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Basic Commission
on Standards, Measures, and Measuring Instruments), created
from MOIMP - Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyj institut metriki
i izmeritel'nyich priborov (Moscow State Institute of
Measures and Measuring Instruments) October 1, 1955; VNIIFTRI -
Vsesoruyemy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut fiziko-tehnicheskikh
i radioelektronicheskikh issledovanij (All-Union Scientific
Research Institute of Physico-technical and Radio-engineering
Measurements) in Moscow; RENDIM - Riazanskij Gosudarstvennyj
institut ser. 1 izmeritel'nyich priborov (Riazan State Institute
of Measures and Measuring Instruments); and MOIMP - Novosibirskij
Gosudarstvennyj institut ser. 1 izmeritel'nyich priborov
(Novosibirsk State Institute of Measures and Measuring
Instruments). No personnel are mentioned. There are no references.

Frequency Service 50

Artem'yev, Ye.V. (VNIIFTRI). LSCh-1 and LSCh-2 Type Instruments
For Integral Comparison of Electric Oscillation Frequencies 51

Verbitski, A.D. and V.K. Budin [deceased] (VNIIFTRI). Automatic
Device for Controlling the Frequency Comparator Unit of Generators 52

Falkov, O.N. (VNIIFTRI). Standard Frequency Meter (for checking
purposes) for Frequency Transmission Through a High-power Short-
wave Transmitter 53

Bryzhev, L.D.; A.Ya. Levin, I.V. Baulin, and Ye.P. Orlov
[KOINIP]. Determining the Frequency Values of 3-1 Ammonia
Absorption Lines 54

Hardness and Strength Requirements (Obolinskij, Ye.P., Candidate
of Technical Sciences)

Savitskij, F.S., and I.A. Zhdanov (Sverdlovsk Branch of VNIIFTRI).

Card 11/27

AUTHOR: Dolinskiy, Ye.P.

SOV-115-58-3-7/41

TITLE: An Analysis of the Results of Checking Measuring Tools
and Instruments (Analiz rezul'tatov poverok mer i priborov.)

PERIODICAL: Izmeritel'naya tekhnika, 1959, Nr 3, pp 22 - 28 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: A statistical computation method is suggested for rational choice of measuring devices to use for mass checking of measures and measuring devices produced in lot by measuring tool and instrument plants. The case of devices having only occasional errors and the case of devices with occasional as well as systematic errors are analyzed. It is concluded that rational values of permissible errors can only be found by analysis of the probable error of the check itself and when adequate data are available on the law of the distribution of errors in the produced measuring tools. The calculations are suitable also for a check of small amounts of measuring tools, as in the case of a laboratory possessing only few standard measuring tools and devices. There are 4 tables and 1 Soviet reference.

1. Gages--Inspection 2. Gages--Production

Card 1/1

DOLINSKIY, Ya.F.; AGALETSKIY, P.N.; GAYEVSKIY, N.A.; LASSAN, V.L.; OSTROUMOV, B.A.;
SHOLICH, S.A.; STEPANOV, L.P.; YANOVSKIY, B.M.

Metrological activities in the field of mechanical measurements.
Trudy. VNIIM no.33:39-59 '58. (MIRA 11:11)

1. Rukovoditel' otdela mekhanicheskikh izmereniy Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-
issledovatel'skogo instituta metrologii imeni D.I. Mendeleyeva (for
Dolinskij)

(Mensuration)

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SOV/115-59-8-31/33

AUTHOR: Dolinskiy, Ye. F., Kremlevskiy, P. P.

TITLE: The Conference on Measuring Mechanical Magnitudes

PERIODICAL: Izmeritel'naya tekhnika, 1959, Nr 8, pp 61 - 63
(USSR)

ABSTRACT: The Conference on Measuring Mechanical Magnitudes was organized by the Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metrologii imeni D. I. Mendeleyeva (All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Metrology imeni D. I. Mendeleyev), Loniopriozor and the Leningradskiy dom uchenykh (Leningrad House of Scientists). The conference took place on June 13 to 19, 1959. Representatives of research institutes and industrial installations in Moscow, Leningrad, Khar'kov, Novosibirsk, Sverdlovsk, and other towns participated. The most important problems in the field of mechanical measurements, analyses of possible solutions for these problems, the critical evaluation of work performed in this field so far, and possibilities of introducing some of these solutions into the practical work of plant and research laboratories, were discussed at the conference. The six sections dealt with mecha-

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nical, (force and hardness), flow, rheological, vacuum, pressure and vibration measurements. The recommendations made in the different sections were brought to the attention of interested organizations. The results of the work in each section are described in this article. Mechanical Section: L. V. Smirnov (VNIIM): "Ways of Reducing the Spread of Hardness Values on Reference Meters". The principal causes of spread were analyzed, as well as influences of heat treatment and material composition. The author emphasized that it is necessary to organize a centralized production of hardness gages. S. A. Smolich, N. P. Slavina (VNIIM): "The Development of Reference Hardness Measuring Instruments". The principal causes of errors common to conventional devices were eliminated in the new hardness testers which were designed with the application of the Rockwell and Vickers methods. Different load conditions must be investigated. A resolution adopted on this paper for more accurate GOST standards for determining hardness. S. S. Stepanov (VNIIM): "Some Problems in the Theory of Hardness".

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The principal thesis of this report was that the ultimate work of plastic deformation is determined by the hardness. M. I. Kotochigova (VNIM): "Category I Reference Dynamometers "VNIM" for 10 tons". The accuracy of these dynamometer types is characterized by a 0.04% mean square error. In a resolution adopted on this paper, the necessity of increasing the upper measuring limit of category I reference dynamometers was acknowledged. F. S. Savitskiy (Sverdlovsk Branch of VNIM): "Dynamometers with Transducers". Investigations of dynamometers consisting of several parallel links revealed a 0.1% mean square error. B. A. Vandyshov (Sverdlovsk Branch of VNIM): "The Development of Reference Instruments for Torsion Tests of Machines". The stationary apparatus produces torque with an ultimate error of 0.13%, while portable torque meters have errors of not more than 0.5%. Ye. F. Nekhendzi (TsKTF): "Annealing of Constantan Wire for Precision Transducers". Investigations revealed the possibility of manufacturing constantan wire having a temperature

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resistance factor close to zero. Rheologic Section: G. A. Malyarov (VNIIM): "The Viscosity of Water at 20°C". It was established that the viscosity of water is 0.010035 poise. The viscosity is reduced by 0.12%, after the air dissolved in water has been eliminated. L. P. Stepanov (VNIIM): "The Development of Reference Viscosity Meters With Measuring Ranges of 10 - 10³ and 10 - 10⁴ poise". The mean square error for a primary instrument is 0.2% and 0.5% for a secondary one. I. A. Stul'ginskaya (VNIIM): "Measuring Viscosity at Low Temperatures". A device with an automatic cryostat (up to -60°C) was developed. Results were given for absolute and relative viscosity measurements at temperatures close to those at which the liquid loses the properties of a Newton liquid. Flow Measuring Section. S. S. Kirilis (VNIIK): "Flow Factors in Converging Devices". Interpolation formulas were presented for determining the initial flow factors of diaphragms and nozzles and also for making more precise one of the magnitude of the diaphragm flow factor. The results of

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this work were recommended for addition to rules 27-54. P. P. Kremlevskiy (VNIIM): "Flow Measurements in Pulsating Currents". A new, generalized damping criterion of pulsating flows was presented instead of the presently accepted Hodgeson number. It was shown that the generalized criterion may be used for gas and liquid flows. Calculations and comparison of the effectiveness of one-, two- and three-stage filters were given. The section recommended introducing the principle results of this work into rules 27-54. V. L. Cheyshvili (VNITGS): "The Determination of the Flow Factor in Venturi-Tubes". Measurements were conducted on a special device according to the method of the International Committee. The great importance of this work was stressed in the discussion and recommendations were given for performing additional investigations. A. A. Shatil' (TsKTI): "Investigations of the Valve Method of Measuring the Flow of Dust in Pneumatic Transportation Devices". A method was developed for

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measuring the flow of dust. In the discussion the importance of this work was acknowledged. It was said that the investigations must be continued. Ye. A. Gershkovich (VNIIM): "Checking Rotary Gasometers RS-25 and RS-100". Tests were performed by means of control gasometers. It was established that the level and the viscosity of the oil filled into the gear box have a considerable influence on the reading of gas meters. Further study is necessary for improving the applications of control gasometers for checking. P. P. Kremlevskiy (VNIIM): "Measuring Great Gas Flows and Methods of Checking Large Gas meters". VNIIM must develop a reference gasmeter for $300 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$. Such a device is required for investigating different methods of measuring great gas flows. A reference gas measuring device must be built at the Stanislavskiy zavod (Stanislavskiy Plant). L. N. Shchin (NIITeplo-prihor): "Differential Compensation Manometers With Pneumatic Outlets". The devices developed show good characteristics (concerning accuracy and high-speed action). The development of mechanical differential

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manometers without mercury is necessary. B. P. Mikhaylov (GIPKh): "Flowmeters for Aggressive Media". The author reports on new designs of electro-magnetic and vane-tachometric flowmeters, as well as a constant-drop flowmeters with magnetic transmission. N. N. Buzhinskiy (Nevkhimkombinat): "A Vane-Tachometric Flowmeter With an Electric Pick-up". Such a device was built and is successfully used for measuring flows of sulfuric acid. V. K. Rukavishnikova (NIITeploprivor): "Electro-Magnetic Flowmeters". The design of general purpose electro-magnetic flowmeters was explained. The device passed experimental operations. L. M. Korsunskiy (KhGIMIP): "The Investigation of the Electro-Magnetic Flowmeter". The author reported on work for establishing the influence of the purities of velocities, physical properties of liquids and electric interference on the accuracy of readings of electro-magnetic flowmeters. The section recommended an intensification of the work for developing and introducing a reference flowmeter based

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on the electro-magnetic principle. A. S. Khimunin (NIFI-LGU): "An Ultrasound Method of Measuring Flows." The author presented a systematic review of different ultrasound flowmeters and systems with corrections for the density of the passing liquid. In the discussion of this paper it was emphasized that the problem of building a reference flowmeter for liquid and gases based on the ultrasound principle is necessary. Pressure Measuring Section: Ye. F. Dolinskiy (VNIIM): "A Reference Dead Weight Piston Barometer". The paper contained information on the efforts in developing a dead weight piston barometer with a piston surface of 5 sq cm which permits eventually a transition to a new standard in the field of barometric measurements. This investigation is of importance for meteorology. K. I. Khansuvarov (VNIIK): "A Category I Dead Weight Reference Piston Barometer". A device designed with 1 sq cm piston cross-section surface was subjected to detailed investigations, proving its high accuracy (approximately 0.001%), simplicity and ease of operation. The section recommended the

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application of this device. A. A. Chasovnikov (VNIIM): "A Reference Piston Micro-Pressure Gage". A piston type reference gage was developed and built with measuring ranges of 400- 4,000 mm water column. Noticing its high accuracy, the section recommended the device for a large scale introduction. N. A. Gayevskiy (VNIIM): "The Project of a Device for Checking Power Indicators and Pi-Meters". The device is based on the principle of imitating variable pressures by means of mechanical force piston transmitters which are to be applied at the indicator piston. Vacuum Measurements: M. A. Gulyayev (VNIIM): "The Tasks of the VNIIM Vacuum Measuring Laboratories". The development of reference equipment for measuring vacuum of $10 - 10^{-11}$ mercury column are principal tasks of these laboratories. The author presented results of work performed in 1958. V. A. Kyzhov (VNIIM): "A Set of VNIIM Reference Compression Gages for the Ranges of $10 - 10^{-4}$ mm Mercury Column". The technology developed for manufacturing and calibrating

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capillary tubes enabled the development of a set of four gages. Deviations of the capillary tube diameters from the mean value did not exceed 2 microns. The mean square error of the gage was below 2.5×10^{-4} mm mercury column. M. I. Driga (VNIIM): "The VNIIM Reference Thermo-Molecular Gage for the Ranges of $10^{-4} - 10^{-7}$ mm Mercury Column". The author explained theory, calculation and research results of manometers with vertical and horizontal pistons designed for the range of $10^{-4} - 10^{-7}$ mm mercury column which permit a further reduction of the lower measuring ranges. A. V. Veryukhin (VNIIM): "The Laboratory Work for Obtaining and Measuring Superhigh Vacuum". The author reported on results achieved in developing three ionization vacuum gages built according to the Bayard-Al'pert system. The instruments were designed for pressures of 10^{-9} mm mercury column. A. M. Grigor'yev: "Methods and Equipment for Measuring Superhigh Vacuum". A review of modern methods and devices for measuring pressures of $10^{-12} - 10^{-15}$ mm mercury column was given. The error

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sources were analyzed. The influence of the background current was indicated and methods of its elimination were given. L. P. Khavkin: "The Plutonium Radioactive Ionization Vacuum Gages. The possibility and the advantages of using plutonium in ionization manometers were discussed. Results were presented concerning the development of the MR-2 gage for pressures of 100 - 10^{-2} mm mercury column.

Velocity, Acceleration and Vibration Measurements:

V. L. Lassan (VNIIM): "The Tasks of VNIIM in the Field of Vibration Measurements". Works of the vibration measurement laboratory and future developments were discussed. One of the principle tasks is the extension of the range of measured accelerations to 25 - 150 g at medium frequencies and the reduction of the amplitude measuring error to 0.1 micron. V. S. Shkalikov (VNIIM): "The VNIIM Device for Producing Measuring Vibrations". The author considered constructional features of devices and explained results of their investigation. The device was designed for control work in the frequency

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range of 10 - 1,000 cycles. D. A. Kharin, Institute fiziki Zemli An SSSR (Institute of Geophysics of the USSR AS): "Vibration Measurements of Buildings by the MIKS Method". The author discussed methods of structure vibration measurements, above all for dams of hydroelectric power plants. He explained equipment and a measuring method. V. L. Lassan (VNIIM): "A Device for Measuring Angular Velocities Up to 60,000rpm With an Accuracy of 0.01%". The author reported on the development and an investigation of a device to be used for control of all types of modern tachometers. A. N. Burago, Gosudarstvennyy opticheskiy institut (State Institute of Optics): "An Optical Method of Measuring Acceleration Upon Impact". Applying the optical method enables impact acceleration measurements below 25 g.

Card, 12/12

DOLINSKIY, Ye.F.

Checking instruments with discrete readings. Izm. tekh. no.11;9-10
N '60. (MIRA 13:11)
(Measuring instruments—Testing)

DOLINSKIY, Ye.P.

Evaluation of error of the e.m.f. group standard. Trudy inst. Kom. stand.,
mer i izm. prit. no.39:79-84 '60. (MIRA 14:3)
(Electric standards)

DOLINSKY, Ye.P.; INDRIK, P.V.

Standard of pressure. Trudy inst. Kom. stand., mer i issn. prib.
no.50:88-102 '61.
(MIRA 1686)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metrologii
im. Mendeleyeva.

(Manometer-Standards)

PILIPCHUK, B.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; ARUTYUNOV, V.O., doktor tekhn.nauk,
prof., otv.red.; DOLINSKIY, Ye.F., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.;
ALEKSANDROVA, N.N., red.Izd-va; POL'SKAYA, R.G., tekhn.red.

[Review of hardness theories] Obzop teorii tverdosti. Moskva,
Gos. Izd-vo standartov standartgiz, 1962. 110 p. (Russia (1923-
U.S.S.R.) Komitet standartov, mer i izmeritel'nykh priborov.
Trudy institutov Komiteta, no.60). (MIRA 15:9)
(Hardness--Measurement)

DOLINSKIY, Ye.F.

Application of the information theory to measuring equipment.
Izm.tekh. no.8:40 Ag '62. (MIRA 16:4)
(Information theory) (Measuring instruments)

L 10721-63 BDS
ACCESSION NR: AT3002051

8/2589/62/000/066/0027/0030

48

AUTHOR: Dolinskiy, Ye. F.

TITLE: Calibration and checking of rheometers¹

SOURCE: USSR. Komitet standartov, mer, i izmeritel'nykh priborov. Trudy insti-tutov Komiteta, no. 66 (126), 1962. Issledovaniya v oblasti izmereniy davleniya, raskhoda i vakunya, 27-30

TOPIC TAGS: rheometers, diaphragm rheometer, capillary rheometer, calibration constants

ABSTRACT: A method for the calibration of diaphragm and capillary rheometers is given. Results of testing of various materials show a linear dependence between measurements obtained and the size of the instrument. This leads to the derivation of constants which form the basis of the calibration method. Orig. art. has: 11 formulas and 1 graph.

ASSOCIATION: VNIIM
SUBMITTED: 12 Dec 61
SUB CODE: 00

DATE ACQ: 20 Apr 63
NO REF Sov: 000

ENCL: 00
OTHER: 000

Card 1/1

L 32150-65 EPF(n)-2/ENT.1	PG-4	W	
ACCESSION NR: AP5017053	UR/CII15/64/000/011/0020/0024		
AUTHOR: Dolinskij, Ye. F.; Gimalov, L. A.; Polukhin, G. I.	25 13		
TITLE: Reference dead-weight piston manometer for pressures up to 25000 kgf/cm ² (approximately 2.45×10^9 newton/m ²)	2		
SOURCE: Izmeritel'naya tekhnika, no. 11, 1964, 20-24	4		
TOPIC TAGS: metrology, pressure measurement instrument, fluid pressure, test instrumentation	21 10		
ABSTRACT: The piston manometer can be used to test other manometers or to make measurements in the cited range of pressure. The manometer consists of three parts, a pressurizing unit, a measuring unit, and a loading unit. A low-pressure amplifier pressurizes the cylinder of the high-pressure multiplier, the measuring section, and the test instrument to the initial pressure of 6000 kgf/cm ² (5.9×10^8 newton/m ²). Two valves are then closed. A further pressure increase up to 250000 kgf/cm ² is produced by the high-pressure amplifier. The pressurized fluid passes through a cross-over of the central block, simultaneously entering a piston manometer and			
Cord 1/2			

I 52150-65
ACCESSION NR: AP5017053

A test manometer. The readings of the two instruments are compared directly for test or calibration.

The high-pressure amplifier has a piston throw of 120 mm, and an amplification factor of 25. The cylinder is made of three shrink-fit sleeves. Sealing and packing materials and configurations are described in detail. Since deformation under high pressure is large, the piston is shrink-fit into the cylinder (negative tolerance of 1-2 microns).

In addition to miscellaneous weights of 1 or a few kg, there are nine weights of 100 kg, four of 10 kg, two of 20 kg each, which together with the mass of the mechanical parts of 20 kg makes a total of 1000 kg.

The metals and other materials used for the various components are specified. The best working fluid was a 20% solution of raw rubber in benzene. Formulas are derived to correct for deformation and two limit cases (viscosity 0 and ∞) are calculated.

Testing shows that the manometer can be classed as a category three instrument with an error not exceeding 0.2% to 250000 kgf/cm².

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: OO

NR REF Sov: 004

CB JCB

ENCL: 00

OTHER: 000

SUB CODE: 1E, 1E

JPRS

Card 2/2

DOLINSKIY, Ye.F.; KIRMALOV, L.A.; POLUMHIN, G.I.

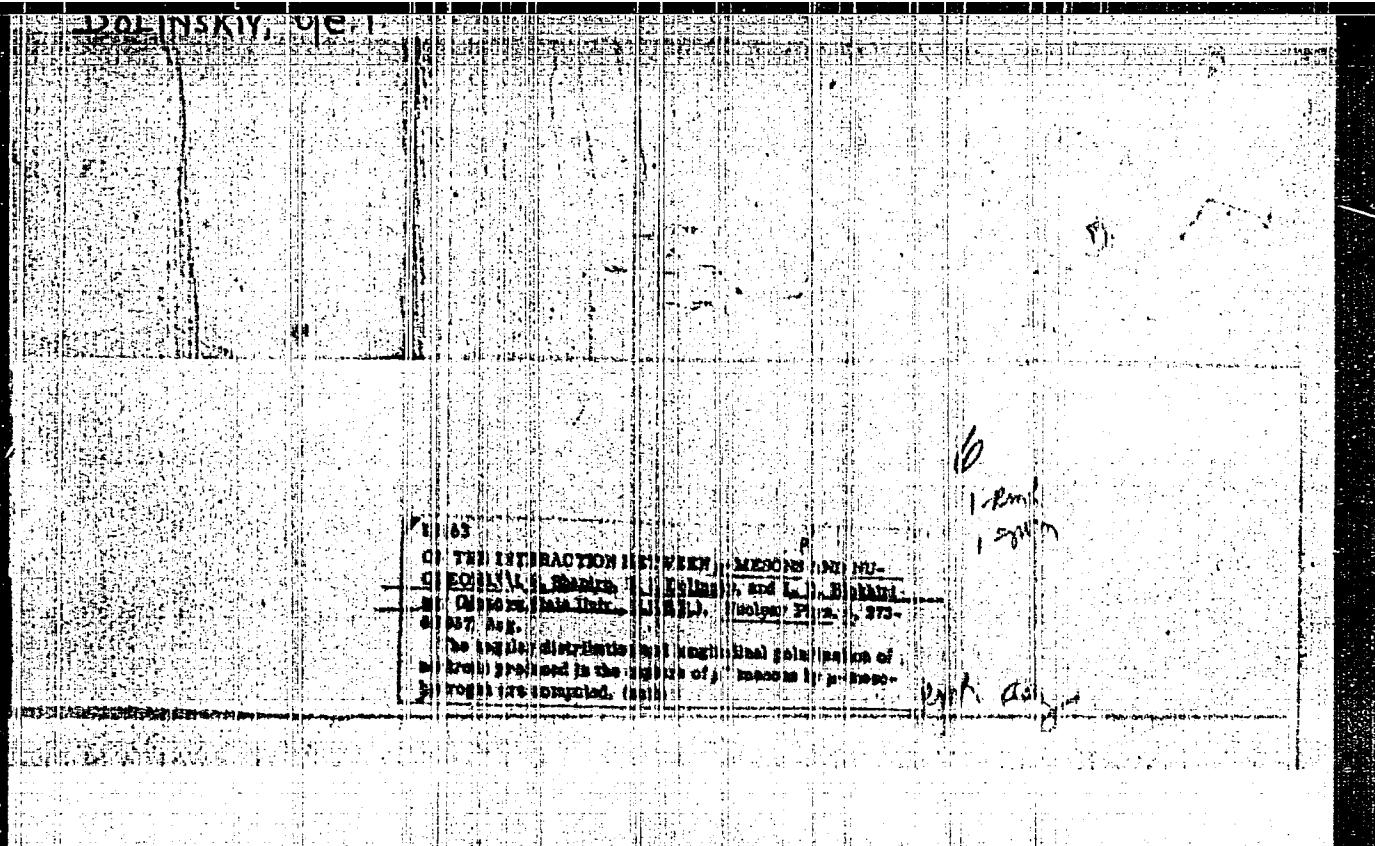
Standard weight-piston manometer with a capacity up to 25,000
kgf/cm². Ism. tekhn. no.111-20-24 N '64. (MIRA 18;3)

MALIKOV, Sergey Fedoseyevich; TYURIN, Nikolay Ivanovich.
DOLINSKIY, Ye.F., retsenzent; SHIMOKOV, K.P., dokt. tekhn.
nauk, red.

[Introduction to metrology] Vvedenie v metrologiiu.
Moskva, Izd-vo standartov, 1965. 239 p. (MIRA 18:4)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9"

JL 25752-55 EWT(1)/EWA(h) GW
ACC NR: AP6009538 (A,N) SOURCE CODE: UR/0113/66/000/005/0074/0074

AUTHORS: Sorokhtin, O. G.; Borkovskiy, G. M.; Tsukernik, V. B.; Neymark, G. S.; Dolinskij, Yu. D.

ORG: none

TITLE: Multichannel seismic station with intermediate digital magnetic recording. Class 42, No. 179482 [announced by All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Geophysical Exploration Methods (Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut geofizicheskikh metodov razvedki)]

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obrastsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 5, 1966, 74

TOPIC TAGS: seismologic station, computer application

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a multichannel seismic station with intermediate digital magnetic recording. The station contains seismic detectors, amplifiers, channel commutators, level setting devices, an analog to digital code converter, and a magnetic recorder. To provide for possible processing of the information on digital and analog computers, a digital code to analog converter, a channel distributor, and a device for selection and recording of the analog information are connected in series to the output of the reproduction amplifier of the magnetic recorder (see Fig. 1). To broaden the dynamic range of the received

Card 1/2 UIC: 550,340,84

L 26792-66

ACC NR: AP6009538

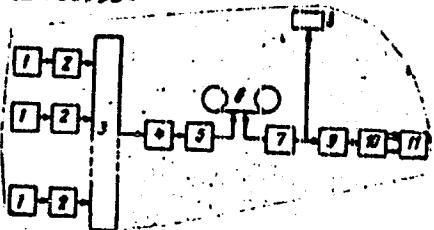


Fig. 1. 1 - seismic detectors; 2 - pre-amplifiers; 3 - channel commutator; 4 - basic amplifier; 5 - direct digital converter; 6 - magnetic recorder; 7 - reproduction amplifier; 8 - digital computer; 9 - digital to analog converter; 10 - channel distributor; 11 - recorder.

signals, a basic amplifier is connected between the channel commutator and the direct digital converter. Orig. art. has 1 diagram.

SUB CODE: 08, 09/ SUMM DATE: 30Dec63

Cord 2/2ddc

DOLINYUK, Yevgeniya [Dolyniuk, YE.O.], zvenevaya; VITVITSKIY, M.
[Vitvits'kyi, M.], red.; NEDOVIZ, S., tekhn. red.

[In the campaign for large-scale raising of corn] U pokhid za
vellyku kukurudzu. L'viv, Knyzhkovo-zhurnal'ne vyd-vo, 1961. 50 p.
(MIRA 15:2)
1. Kolkhoz im. Stalina, Mel'nitse-Podol'skogo rayona, Ternopol'-
skoy oblasti (for Dolinyuk).
(Ukraine—Corn (Maize))

DOUGLASS L. DAVIS; NEWMARK, G.J.

Requirements for the performance of an undercover handling
agent, Declassified pursuant to E.O. 13526.

System of organization and control of an undercover
agent, *Ibid.*; 35-23

• Organization, functions, responsibilities, and relationships
of agents and their assistants, *Ibid.*

L 05288-67 EWT(d)/EWT(l)/EWF(l) IJP(s) BB /GQ/GW
ACC NR: AR6021351

SOURCE CODE: UR/0372/66/000/002/G050/G051

AUTHOR: Dolinskij, Yu. D.; Neymark, G. S.

40

B

TITLE: Analog-to-geophysical-drilling code translator

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Kibern, Abs. 2G321

REF SOURCE: Sb. Geofiz. priborostr. Vyp. 21. L., Nedra, 1964, 10-13

TOPIC TAGS: digital electronic computer, analog digital converter, geophysic research facility / Minsk-2 digital electronic computer

ABSTRACT: A method of inserting measurement results on magnetic tape (MT) into a digital automatic data processing computer via its file memory is proposed. The method is convenient owing to its time-saving features and the considerable capacity of MT storage. Encoding on MT takes place under field conditions with the aid of an analog-code translator which makes it possible to employ a code serving to record all the parameters measured during core drilling. The recording of numerical data is synchronized with the motion of the instrument package in the well. The total of the numbers recorded per unit length of the well is taken arbitrarily at from 80 to 2.5 numbers per running meter of the well. The number record-

Card 1/2

UDC: 62-506:681.142.343

L 05288-67

ACC NR: AR6021351

ing rate set by the operator is maintained constant within the range of drilling speeds of from 0 to 4000 m/hr. The range of variation in the recorded input variable is 1-4095. The number of operating channels is taken arbitrarily at from 1 to 4. The translator is designed for the Minsk-2 digital electronic computer. V. S. [Translation of abstract] O

SUB CODE: 08, 09/ [redacted]

cont 2/2 09h

S/196/61/000/011/032/042
E194/E155

AUTHORS: Dolinskiy, Yu.M., and Omel'chenko, V.T.

TITLE: Selection of parameters of inductive shunt and demagnetising turn of high-speed automatic circuit breaker

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotehnika i energetika, no. 11, 1961, 47, abstract 111 326. (Vestn. elektroprom-sti, no. 3, 1961, 56-59)

TEXT: By appropriate selection of the parameters of the shunt and the demagnetising turn the current may be constricted within the latter. It then reaches the set value earlier than in an ordinary circuit, i.e. there is a reduction in the current setting. Specimen calculations show that the rate of change of current in the demagnetising turn during short-circuit is little affected by the ratio of ohmic resistance of the inductive shunt to that of the demagnetising turn. The difference between current distribution under dynamic and under static conditions is characterised by the current constriction coefficient.

Card 1/2

Selection of parameters of inductive.. S/196/61/000/011/032/042
E194/E155

From the analysis it is concluded that the coefficient of constriction increases with the ratio of resistance of demagnetising turn to shunt resistance. Thus, in high-speed circuit breakers with an inductive shunt, the proportion of the total current which passes through the demagnetising turn under normal conditions should be reduced in order to reduce the total current setting during short-circuit.

[Abstractor's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

DOLINSKIY, Yu.I., inzh.; BAKHAREV, V.M., inzh.; ALEKSEYEV, V.N.,
arkhitektor; KOLCHANOV, L.I., arkhitektor

Crushed colored glass finish of keramzit-concrete wall panels.
Stroi. mat. 10 no.318-20 Mr '64.
(MIRA 17:6)

DOLINSKIY, Yu.I., inzh.

Facing keramzit-concrete panels with ceramic tiles. Stroimmat. 10
no.4:23~25 Ap '64.
(MIRA 17:5)

IOLIASKY, J.

IOLIASKY, J. Experience with harvesting hemp by the Latka-2, 1 mower. p. 332.

Vol. 6, No. 17, Sept. 1956.

MECHANISACE ZEMEDELSTVI.

AGRICULTURE

Praga, Czechoslovakia

So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 3, March 1957

STRUNESS, E.G.; BLOMEKE, J.O.; DOLINSZKY, Tamas [translator]

Processing radioactive residues and their final liquidation.
Atom taj 2 no.3:31-48 '59.

1. "Atomtechnikai Tajekoztato" szerkeszto es lektor (for Dolinszky).

KLIEFOTH, W.; DOLINSZKY, Tamas [translator]

More recent designs for gas-cooled reactors. Atom taj 2 no.4:34-36
'59.

I. Atomtechnikai Tajekoztato" szerkesztoje.

FRANZ, M.; HUBNER, W.; DOLINSZKY, Tamás [translator]

Dose and dosimetry. Atom taj 2 no.3:75-84 '59.

1. "Atomtechnikai Tajekoztato" szerkesztoje es lektora.

WILSON, E.J., (Harwell); DOLINSZKY, Tamas [translator]

Nuclear illumination by means of the cryptone 85 gas. Atom taj 2
no.4:21-23 '59.

1. "Atomtechnikai Tajekoztato" szerkesztoje (for Dolinszky).

KIEFER, H.; MAUSHART, M.; DOLINSZKY, Tamas [translator]

Radiological control of the environment of atomic engineering plants.
Atom taj 2 no.4:47-58 '59.

1. "Atomtechnikai Tajekoztato" szerkesztöje.

POHLIT, W.; DOLINSZKY, Tamas [translator]

Development of radiological measuring instruments. Atom taj 2 no,4:
59-72 '59.

1."Atomtechnikai Tajekoztato" szerkesztoje.

HERBST, W.; DOLINSZKY, Tamas [translator]

Studies in conjunction with the radioactive impurities of human environments. Atom taj 2 no.4:85-97 '59.

1. "Atomtechnikai Tajekoztato" szerkesztoje (for Dolinszky).

ARCIMOVICS, L.A. [Artsimovich, L.A.]; DOLINSZKY, Tamas [translator]

Controlled thermonuclear research in the Soviet Union. Atom taj 2
no.4:98-142 '59.

1. "Atomtechnikai Tajekostato smerkesztoje.

KUGLER, I.; SCHRAMANN, A.; DOLINSZKY, Tamas [translator]

Dosimetry of ionizing radiations by plastic materials. Atom taj 2
no. 3: 57-74 '59.

1. "Atochtechnikai Tajekoztato" szerkesztoje es lektora.

WAECHTER, G.; DOLINSZKY, Tamas [translator]

Detection and dosimetry of neutrons by a counting tube BF_3 .
Atom taj 2 no. 3185-97 '59.

1. "Atomtechnikai Tajekoztato" szerkeszto es lektora.

ROBSON, A.E. (Harwell); DOLINSZKY, Tamas [translator]

Current situation of thermonuclear research. Atom taj 2 no.4:
143-155 '59.

1. "Atomtechnikai Tajekoztato" szerkesztoje.

DOLINSZKY, Tamas

Determination of resonances in the formal theory of dispersion.
Koz fiz kozl MTA 11 no.5:335-414 '63.

DOLINSZKY, Tamas

Experiment for deviating the DW-theory of channel analysis of
direct nuclear reactions. Msz fiz kozl MTA 13 no.1:3-25 '65.

1. Submitted December 22, 1964.

1. DOLINYUK, YE.
2. USSR (600)
4. Maize
7. For a large harvest. Nauka i zhizn' No. 21 1952.
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953, Uncl.

DOLINYUK, Ye., geroy sotsialisticheskogo truda.

Sowing corn along with watermelons and kidney beans. Nauka i pered.
op. v sel'khoz. 8 no.1:12-13 Ja-Y '58. (MIRA 11:2)

1.Zven'yevaya kolkhoza imeni Stalina, Mel'nitsa-Podol'skogo rayona,
Ternopol'skoy oblasti.

(Corn (Maize)) (Melons) (Beans)

DOLINYUK, Yevgeniya Alekseyevna, dvushdy Geroy Sotsialisticheskogo Truda;
VOL'SKIY, V.G., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk, red.; KATSEL'SON, S.M.,
red.; ATROSHCHENKO, L.Ye., tekhn.red.

[Corn is a high-yield crop; practices of a field team on the
Stalin Collective Farm in the Mel'nitsa-Podol'skaya District,
Ternopol Province] Kukuruza - vysokourozhainaya kul'tura; opyt
zven'evoi kolkhoza imeni Stalina Mel'nitsa-Podol'skogo raiona
Ternopol'skoi oblasti. Pod obshchey red. V.G.Vol'skogo. Moskva,
Izd-vo "Znanie," 1960. 30 p. (Vsesoiuznoe obshchesatvo po raspro-
straneniu politicheskikh i nauchnykh znanii. Ser.5, Sel'skoe
khoziaistvo, no.13).
(Mel'nitsa-Podol'skaya District--Corn (Maize))

DOLINZHEV, A. I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk

Determining fuel consumption of railroad locomotives. Tekh. zhel.
dor. 6 no.8:4-8 Ag'47. (MLRA 8:12)
(Locomotives--Fuel consumption)

YEVENKO, V.I.; BELOV, V.F.; BELYANKIN, A.A.; DOLINZHEV, A.I., redaktor;
DROBINSKIY, V.A., redaktor; VERNINA, G.P., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Theory and calculations for steam locomotives] Teoriia i raschet
parovozov. Moskva, Gos. transp. zhel-dor. izd-vo 1951. 319 p.
(Locomotives)
(MLRA 8:2)

DOLINZHIEV, A.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Method for setting the norms of diesel locomotive fuel consumption.
Vest TSNII MPS 19 no.3:17-21 '60. (MIRA 13:10)
(Diesel locomotives--Fuel consumption)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9

DOLISHNIY, N. V., Cand of Med Sci -- (diss) "Intraorgan Neural Apparatus
of the Stomach (Comparative -Anatomical Investigation) Chervontsy,
1959, 16 pp (Chervontsy Medical Institute) (KL, 5-60, 130)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410820016-9"

MEL'MAN, Ye.P. [Mel'man, Iu.P.]; DOLISHNIY, N.V. [Dolishnii, M.V.]

Variable structure and graded gradient of mural neural elements
of the gastrointestinal tract. Dop. AN URSR no. 7:965-969 '60.
(MIRA 13:8)

1. Stanislavskiy meditsinskiy institut. Predstavлено akademikom
AN USSR V.G.Kas'tyanenko [V.H.Kas'tyanenko].
(DIGESTIVE ORGANS---INNERVATION)

DOLISHNIY, N.V. [Dolishnii, M.V.]

Comparative anatomy of the intraorganic neural apparatus of the stomach in animals with various types of nutrition, Dop.AN URSR no.7:978-983 '60.
(MIR 13:8)

1. Stanislavskiy meditsinskiy institut. Predstavleno akademikom AN USSR V.G.Kas'yanenko [V.H.Kas'yanenko].
(STOMACH--INNervation)

GEGEYAN, D.M. (Leningrad, P-121, ul. Svyazi Tekhnicheskaya, kv. 11);
DOLISHNIY, N.V. (Stanislav, ul. Krasnaya, 25, k. 1);
SUDZILOVSKIY, F.V. (Leningrad, P-110, Chkalovskiy prospekt 14,
kv. 27)

Conference on collateral circulation in Stanislav, May 24-26,
1962. Arkh. anat., gist. i embr. 43 no.11:122-126 N 162.
(MIRA 17:8)

MEL''MAN, Ye.P.; DOLISHNIY, N.V.; MASLENNIKOVA, L.D.; Prindmal uchastsiye
AKHMANIUK, M.Yu., student

Interrelation between the structural characteristics, the
gradient of intraorganic neural elements along the intestinal
tube and its motor functions. Arkh. anat., gist. i embr. 43
no.8:53-63 Ag '62. (MIRA 17:8)

2. Kafedra normal'noy anatomi (zav. .. prof. Ye.P. Mel'man)
Stanislavskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

DOLISHNYUK, B.M.; DRABKIN, G.M.; ORLOV, V.I.; RUSINOV, L.I.; SKOBEL'TSYN, D.V.,
~~AKADEMIYA~~

Investigation of the nuclear isomerism of Zn⁶⁹, Nb⁹⁵, and Ba¹³⁷. Dokl.AN
SSSR 92 no.6:1141-1144 0 '53. (MIRA 6:10)

1. Akademija nauk SSSR (for Skobel'tsyn).

(Isomerism)

S/089/60/009/002/014/015
B006/3056

AUTHOR: Dolishnyuk, B. M.

TITLE: A Device for the Irradiation of Film Magazines in Individual Photo-control

PERIODICAL: Atomnaya energiya, 1960, Vol. 9, No. 2, pp. 156-157

TEXT: Photographic methods of radiation detection are much used in dosimetry, especially in individual dosimetric photo-control. In the photometric evaluation of irradiated films, a calibration curve (blackening of the film as a function of the gamma dose absorbed by the sensitive layer) must in every case be constructed. For this purpose, the film is exposed to the radiation of a standard source. In order to automatize this standard irradiation of the film magazine, a device was developed (and tested for a long period), which is described in the present paper. Fig. 1 shows a photograph of the irradiation room and of the table on which irradiation takes place; Fig. 2 schematically shows the table seen from the side and from above, whose accurate dimensions are given. Under the table there is a container with a standard source, which is fastened to a caprone

Card 1/2

A Device for the Irradiation of Film Magazines
in Individual Photo-control

S/089/60/009/002/014/015
BOC6/B056

thread. This thread leads over a system of regulating blocks to the core of a solenoid fastened to the ceiling of the irradiation room. The solenoid is fed by means of a special electric device, whose circuit diagram is shown in Fig. 3 and discussed in the text. This device warrants automatic exposure and control of the time of exposure. The control apparatus itself (photo Fig. 4) and the entire electrical arrangement are in the laboratory, which is situated at a considerable distance from the irradiation room. The main advantages of this automatic device are the following: 1) It prevents radiation from acting upon man. 2) During the exposure of the film magazines, the laboratory assistant may perform other work. 3) Wrong exposure is impossible. 4) Handling of the device requires no skilled personnel. There are 4 figures and 2 Soviet references. ✓C

Card 2/2

CA 2000-16-9

Potassium and carbohydrate metabolism in diabetes mellitus. J. Dolista and M. Vodopivec (Univ. Zagreb, Yugoslavia). *Gastroenterologia* 76, 270-84 (1980) 21).—Lability of serum K level produced in controlled diabetics by administration of 0.0116 g./kg. of acetylcholine, is reduced by addn. of hydergin (0.0132 mg./kg.) and elimination of K is reduced to a very small amt. Addnl. hydergin leads to greater lowering of blood sugar and reduction of the glycosuria. The insulin effect is enhanced. The sole administration of hydergin (0.0147 mg./kg.) produces the same effect in acetylcholine-sensitive diabetics. R. B. P.

DOLITSKAYA, I.V.

Stratigraphy of Upper Cretaceous sediments in the northern part
of the Turkmen S.S.R. Trudy VNIGNI no.35:215-223 '61. (MIRA 16:7)
(Turkmenistan--Geology, Stratigraphic)

DOLITSAYA, I.V.

Evolution in the limits of the genus *Cibicides* *mentanus* sp. nov.
from the Campanian sediments of the Southern Ural Mountains. Vop.
mikropaleont. no. 7; 127-137 '63. (VIRA 17:10)

I. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy geologo-ravvedochnyy
neftyanoy institut.

DOLITSKIY, A.V.

Mechanisms of the formation of minor folds and their genetic types. Izv.AN SSSR.Spr.geol. 27 no.4:56-65 Ap '62.

(MIRA 15:4)

1. Geologicheskiy institut AN SSSR, Moskva.
(Caucasus—Folds (Geology))

DOLITSKIY, A. V.

Tectonic pattern and the development of the western part of
the southeastern Caucasus. Iiv. vys. uch. zav.; geol. i razv.
5 no.7:9-21 J1 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Geologicheskiy institut AN SSSR.

(Caucasus--Geology, Structural)

BOGDANOV, A.A., red.; MURATOV, N.V., red.; SHATSKIY, N.S., red.
[deceased]; DOLINSKIY, A.V., red.; CHUMACHENKO, Z.N.,
red.; BOBRINSKAYA, V.A., red.

[Tectonics of Europe; explanatory note to the International
Tectonic Map of Europe made on a scale 1:2,500 000] Tekto-
nika Evropy; ob"iasnitel'naya zapiska k mezhdunarodnoi tek-
tonicheskoi karte Evropy masshtaba 1:2500000. Moskva,
Nedra, 1964. 363 p. (NIKA 18:1)

1. International Geological Congress. Komissiya po geologi-
cheskoy karte mira.

DOLITSKIY, A.V.; KIVKO, I.A.

Nature of large faults. Dokl. AN SSSR 163 no. 5: 1217-1220 Ag '65.

1. Submitted May 13, 1964.

(MIRA 18:8)

DOLITSKIY, A.V.

Coding of geological information. Sov. geol. 8 no.8:109-114 Ag '65.
(MIRA 18:10)
1. Geologicheskiy institut AN SSSR.

DOLITSKIY, A.V.; CHERNOOK, S.V.

General results of the discussion on the International Tectonic Map of Europe. Geotektonika no.5:102-113 S-O '65.

(MIRA 19:1)

1. Komissiya po Mezhdunarodnym tektonicheskim kartam AN SSSR.
Submitted May 27, 1965.

ANDRIANOV, I.; DOLITSKIY, B.

Competition to decrease the labor cost of each article. Sots. trud
no. 5:97-107 My '58.
(MIRA 11:6)

1. Zamstittel' nachal'nika otdela truda i zarabotnoy platy
Moskovskogo avtomobil'nogo zavoda im. Mikhacheva (for Andrianov).
2. Nachal'nik otdela truda i zarabotnoy platy Moskovskogo
elektrolampovogo zavoda (for Dolitskiy).
(Efficiency, Industrial)

DOLITSKIY, B.

They are prompted by a worker's conscience. Sots. trud
8 no.2:76-77 F '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Moskovskiy elektrolampovyy zavod.
(Moscow--Electric lamps)

KHEYFITS, V., inzh.; DOLITSKIY, I., inzh.

Efficient soil mixers. Stroitel' no.2:23 F '60.
(MIRA 13:5)
(Concrete) (Mixing machinery)

GORYAINOV, K.E., doktor tekhn.nauk, prof.; MAMONTOV, I.I., inzh.; TRIMMER,
B.D., kand.tekhn.nauk; DOLITSKIY, I.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Unit for vibrostamping reinforced concrete products made of stiff
concrete mixes. Bet. i shchel.-bet. no.11:489-493 N '60. (MIRA 13:11)
(Vibrators) (Reinforced concrete)

DOLITSKII, I.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; KHEVITS, V.Z., inzh.

New mixing machinery for soil concrete. Mekh.stroi. 17 no.5:18-22
My '60. (Mixing machinery) (Concrete) (MIRA 13:7)

BERZON, E., kand.tekhn.nauk; DDLITSKIY, I., kand.tekhn.nauk; HARINSKIY,
F., kand.tekhn.nauk

Conveying equipment of the Kolpino Housing Construction Combine.
Zhil. stroi. no. 9:13-15. S '60. (MIRA 13:9)
(Leningrad--Precast concrete construction)
(Conveying machinery)

BERZON, E.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; DOLITSKIY, I.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; NARINSKIY,
F.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Conveyer-line manufacture of elements of large-panel apartment
houses. Trudy NIIZHB no.21:163-173 '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po mashinam dlya
promyshlennosti stroitel'nykh materialov.
(Concrete slabs)

DOLITSKAYA, I.V.

Distribution of Foraminifera in the upper Cretaceous of the
eastern Ust-Urt. Trudy VNIIGNI no.29:188-192 vol.3 '61.
(MIRA 14:9)
(Ust-Urt--Foraminifera, Fossil)